

IN THE HIGH COURT OF SINDH CIRCUIT COURT, HYDERABAD.

Criminal Appeal No.D-37 of 2020

Appellant: Muhammad Anwar through Mian Taj
Muhammad Keerio, Advocate.

Respondent: The State through Mr. Abdul
Waheed Bijarani A.P.G. Sindh.

Date of hearing: 14.09.2022.

Date of Decision: 14.09.2022.

J U D G M E N T

AMJAD ALI SAHITO, J. Through this Criminal Appeal, the appellant has challenged the judgment dated 04.05.2020, passed by learned 1st Additioanl Sessions Judge / Model Criminal Trial Court, Badin in Special Case No.05 of 2020, Crime No.233 of 2019 registered at PS Tando Ghulam Ali, for the offence under section 9 (c) CNS Act, 1997, whereby the appellant was convicted and sentenced for the offence u/s 9 (c) CNS Act, 1997 for possessing 7030 grams of charas to undergo R.I. for ten years and six months with order to pay fine to the tune of Rs.50,000/-; in case of default to undergo S.I. for eight months. However, the benefit of section 382-B Cr.P.C. was extended to the appellant.

2. Learned counsel for the appellant, at the very outset, has stated that the appellant is only the bread earner of his family and has remained in Jail for sufficient period and still is being dragged in the instant case; as such, he does not wish to contest this Criminal Appeal and leave the appellant at the mercy of the Court. He states that if this Court while maintaining the conviction reduces the sentence to one he has already undergone, he would not press the Criminal Appeal.

3. On the other hand, learned Assistant Prosecutor General Sindh concedes that the appellant has remained behind the bars for sufficient period and learned the lesson, therefore,

he has no objection if a lenient view is taken against him by dismissing the instant Criminal Appeal and treating the sentence to one as already undergone.

4. We have heard the learned counsel for the appellant, learned A.P.G. for the State and have gone through the record. The witnesses have supported each other on all salient features of the case and there appears to be no worthwhile contradictions. The appellant is behind the bars. The Jail Roll of the appellant was called from the concerned Jail, which reflects that the appellant has served out seven years, nine month and twenty two days including remission. The appellant has remained in jail and learned the lesson as he has undergone sufficient period of his sentence. The punishment provided for the same is upto 10 ½ years, therefore, there is no legal impediment in accepting request of learned counsel for the appellant. Consequently, only in order to enable the appellant to reform and rehabilitate himself to rejoin the mainstream life to once again become a useful member thereof, by taking leniency, instant Criminal Appeal is dismissed but with the reduction of his sentence to one as already undergone by the appellant including fine amount. In view of the above position, the office is directed to issue a release writ for the appellant if he is not required in any other custody case.

5. Instant Criminal Appeal is **dismissed** with the above modification.

JUDGE

JUDGE