ORDER SHEET

IN THE HIGH COURT OF SINDH BENCH AT SUKKUR

C. P. No. D – 226 of 2022

Date of hearing Order with signature of Judge

Fresh case

- 1. For orders on CMA No.1019/2022 (U/A)
- 2. For orders on office objections at Flag-A
- 3. For orders on CMA No.1020/2022 (Ex./A)
- 4. For hearing of main case

<u>10-03-2022</u>

Mr. Aamir Mustafa Kamario, Advocate for the Petitioner.

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- **<u>1.</u>** Urgency is granted.
- <u>2.</u> Deferred.

3. Exemption is granted subject to all just legal exceptions.

<u>**4.</u>** Through this Petition, the Petitioner seeks appointment with the Respondents-Sindh Police under Deceased Quota.</u>

It appears that the Petitioner's father namely Abdul Ghafoor was working as Constable in Sindh Police and had expired on 15-03-1999. We have confronted the Petitioner's Counsel that the Petitioner is not entitled for any appointment in service, as at the time when his father expired, there was no such Policy in field for giving employment under Deceased Quota, but he has not been able to satisfactorily respond this query.

We have heard the learned Counsel and perused the record.

Insofar as the claim of the Petitioner for appointment under Deceased Quota is concerned, admittedly, there was no such Policy in field at the time of death of his father; hence, the Petitioner cannot claim any appointment under the said Policy. Reliance may be placed on the case reported as <u>Government of Pakistan v. Muhammad Ismail</u> (**2021** <u>SCMR 1246</u>), wherein the Hon'ble Supreme Court has made some observations on identical facts, which reads as under:

"6. It is an admitted fact that respondent's father died in the year 1995 while he was in regular service of Accountant General KPK being Senior Auditor. At that time, there was no

scheme/policy in field for induction of family member of deceased civil servant in service. It was on 13.06.2006 when the Government of Pakistan issued 'Assistance Package for Families of Government Employees who die in service', to be made effective from 01.07.2005, wherein employment for posts in BS-01 to BS-15 on two years contract without advertisement for the families of deceased servant was surfaced. Thereafter, this package was amended thrice i.e. on 20.10.2014, 04.12.2015 and lastly on 09.09.2016 whereby the two years contract period was enhanced to 5 years and the same was also made extendable till the age of superannuation or regularization. We have perused the Assistance Package and the subsequent amendments but could not find any provision therein which gives it retrospective effect especially when the grievance of respondent was agitated with a lapse of almost 17 years. It is an established principle of interpretation of statutes / notifications / executive / administrative orders that they would operate prospectively unless they expressly provide for retrospective operation. This Court in the case of Hashwani Hotels Ltd. Vs Federation of Pakistan (PLD 1997 SC 315) has acknowledged this fact by observing that "it is a well settled principle of interpretation of a notification and/or an executive order that the same can operate prospectively and not retrospectively. This principle is equally applicable to a statute in the absence of any express or implied intendment contrary to it." In this view of the matter, when it is clear that afore-referred Assistance Package for legal heirs of deceased government employee was not available at the time when deceased employee died and the same was issued later on with prospective effect, the respondent was not deprived of any right accrued to him at the relevant time by not appointing him. The learned High Court has erroneously presumed that a statute or rule, which gives right to the citizens, always operates retrospectively. If this is accepted, it would tantamount to opening a floodgate for all other similarly placed persons."

In view of the above and the pronouncement of the Hon'ble Supreme Court, the Petitioner does not appear to be entitled to be appointed under Deceased Quota, as the Policy in the present case was introduced in the year 2002, whereas Petitioner's father had expired on 15-03-1999; therefore, the Petition being misconceived is hereby **dismissed in limine**.

JUDGE

JUDGE

Abdul Basit