## ORDER SHEET IN THE HIGH COURT OF SINDH AT KARACHI

## SCRA 202 of 2025

DATE ORDER WITH SIGNATURE OF JUDGE

- 1. For orders on CMA No.2512/2025
- 2. For orders on CMA No.2513/2025
- 3. For orders on CMA No.2514/2025
- 4. For hearing of main case
- 5. For orders on CMA No.2515/2025

## 12.12.2025

Messrs. Tanzeel Farooqui and Nisar Ahmed Rind, advocates for the applicant

## 1. Granted.

2-5. This is admittedly a time-barred reference and CMA No.2513/2025 seeks for the delay to be condoned. The grounds invoked in the affidavit are that the applicant had flu and even otherwise matters ought to be decided on merit rather on mere technicalities of limitation.

It is the considered opinion of the Court that the prescriptions of limitation are not mere technicalities and disregard thereof would render entire law of limitation otiose<sup>1</sup>. The Superior Courts have consistently maintained that it is incumbent upon the Courts to first determine whether the proceedings filed there before were within time and the Courts are mandated to conduct such an exercise regardless of whether or not an objection has been taken in such regard<sup>2</sup>. The Superior Courts have held that proceedings barred by even a day could be dismissed<sup>3</sup>; once time begins to run, it runs continuously<sup>4</sup>; a bar of limitation creates vested rights in favour of the other party<sup>5</sup>; if a matter was time barred then it is to be dismissed without touching upon merits<sup>6</sup>; and once limitation has lapsed the door of adjudication is closed irrespective of pleas of hardship, injustice or ignorance<sup>7</sup>. It has been maintained by the honorable Supreme Court<sup>8</sup> that each day of delay had to be explained in an application seeking condoning of delay and that in the absence of such an explanation the said application was liable to be dismissed. It is pertinent to observe that the preponderant bar of limitation could not be dispelled by the applicant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Mehmood Khan Mahar vs. Qamar Hussain Puri & Others reported as 2019 MLD 249.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Awan Apparels (Private) Limited & Others vs. United Bank Limited & Others reported as 2004 CLD 732.

<sup>3 2001</sup> PLC 272; 2001 PLC 143; 2001 PLC 156; 2020 PLC 82.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Shafaatullah Qureshi vs. Pakistan reported as PLD 2001 SC 142; Khizar Hayat vs. Pakistan Railways reported as 1993 PLC 106.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Dr. Ánwar Ali Sahito vs. Pakistan reported as 2002 PLC CS 526; DPO vs. Punjab Labour Tribunal reported as NLR 1987 Labour 212.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Muhammad Tufail Danish vs. Deputy Director FIA reported as 1991 SCMR 1841; Mirza Muhammad Saeed vs. Shahabudin reported as PLD 1983 SC 385; Ch Muhammad Sharif vs. Muhammad Ali Khan reported as 1975 SCMR 259.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> WAPDA vs. Aurangzeb reported as 1988 SCMR 1354.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Lt. Col. Nasir Malik vs. ADJ Lahore & Others reported as 2016 SCMR 1821; Qamar Jahan vs. United Liner Agencies reported as 2004 PLC 155.

No case is pleaded and / or articulated to merit grant of this application as the delay remains *prima facie* unjustified. Therefore, CMA No.2513/2025 is dismissed and consequently this reference is dismissed as being barred by limitation.

A copy of this decision may also be sent under the seal of this Court and signature of the Registrar to the learned Customs Appellate Tribunal, as required per section 196(5) of the Customs Act, 1969.

Judge

Judge

Amjad